

Rialto Unified School District's California Standards of the Teaching Profession Rubric

Created from the Continuum of Teaching Practices



California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 1 Rubric Engaging and Supporting All Students in Learning

Std.	Element	Emerging	Exploring	Applying	Integrating	Innovating
1.1	Using Knowledge of students to engage them in learning.	Learns about students through data provided by the school and/or through district assessments. Instructional strategies are focused on the class as a whole.	Begins to gather data from additional sources to learn about individual students. Inconsistent use of engagement strategies.	Routinely (3-4 times weekly) uses data from a variety of sources to actively engage all students and guide selection of differentiated instructional strategies.	Consistently (daily) uses data from multiple sources to make adjustments to instruction and meet individual identified learning needs.	Facilitates students' ownership of their learning based on choices they make that are compatible with and meet their learning needs.
1.2	Connecting learning to students' prior knowledge, backgrounds, life experiences, and interests	Teacher is aware of the need to make connections to students' prior knowledge, cultural backgrounds, life experience, and interests. Teachers rarely elicit student questions or comments during a lesson.	Begins to collect additional information about students' prior knowledge, cultural backgrounds, life experiences, and interests and uses it to support their learning needs.	Routinely uses school resources and family contacts to expand understanding of students. Students make connections between curriculum and their prior knowledge, cultural backgrounds, life experiences, and interests.	Consistently facilitates students to actively engage in curriculum which relates to their prior knowledge, experiences, and interests within and across learning activities.	Systematically and flexibly uses extensive information regarding students and their communities throughout instruction. Students can articulate the relevance and impact of lessons on their lives and society,
1.3	Connecting subject matter to meaningful, real-life contexts	During instruction the teacher uses the real-life connections identified in the curriculum.	Begins to use real-life connections to subject matter beyond those identified in curriculum in lessons to support student understanding.	Routinely makes connections from subject matter to meaningful, real-life contexts, including those specific to students' family and community.	Consistently plans instruction that facilitates students utilizing real-life connections regularly to develop understandings of subject matter and extend their knowledge.	Facilitates as students routinely integrate subject matter into their own thinking and make connections to relevant, meaningful, and real-life contexts during learning activities.
1.4	Using a variety of instructional strategies, resources, and technologies to meet students' diverse learning needs.	Uses a limited number of instructional strategies, resources, and technologies. Strategies may not be appropriate to students' learning needs and adjustments are minimal in response to students' needs.	Occasionally uses a variety of instructional strategies, resources, and technologies that meets the learning of some students. Recognizes the need and makes adjustments in response to students' needs.	Routinely utilizes a variety of strategies, resources, and technologies during instruction to meet students' diverse learning needs. Students participate in instruction to match their learning needs.	Consistently makes skillful use of a repertoire of strategies, resources, and technologies into instruction to meet students' diverse learning needs. Students are actively engaged.	Refines the flexible use of a wide repertoire of strategies, resources, and technologies to meet students' diverse needs. Students take responsibility for using those resources, to successfully advance their learning
1.5	Promoting critical thinking through inquiry, problem solving, and reflection	Asks questions that focus on factual knowledge and recall. Some students respond.	Begins to include questions in some lessons that require students to recall, interpret, and think critically.	Routinely guides students to think critically and respond to questioning strategies, problem solving, and reflecting on issues in content.	Consistently supports students to initiate critical thinking through independently developing questions, posing problems and reflecting on multiple perspectives.	Facilitates systematic opportunities for students to apply critical thinking by designing structured inquiries into complex problems.
1.6	Monitoring student learning and adjusting instruction while teaching	Uses whole group instruction.	Begins to plan instruction and learning activities to support student understanding. Uses small group instruction occasionally. Begins to CFU and differentiate instruction.	Routinely makes adjustments to instruction based on observation of student engagement and regularly Checks For Understanding throughout the lesson.	Consistently adjusts strategies during instruction based on the ongoing monitoring of individual student needs for assistance, support, or challenge. Students are able to articulate their level of understanding.	With student input, makes adjustments to extend learning opportunities and provide assistance to students in mastering the content flexibly and effectively. Students monitor their progress in learning.

1.1 Using knowledge of students to engage them in learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- know my students as people and as learners?
- understand reasons for behavior?
- recognize atypical behavior in students?
- build trust with students and foster relationships so that students can thrive academically?
- adapt myteaching to reflect knowledge of my students?
- differentiate instruction based on what I know about my students' strengths, interests and needs?
- get to know parents and connect with the community where I teach?
- review student's records such as IFSP/IEP documents including the Positive Behavior Support Plan and Transition documents?

1.2 Connecting students' learning prior knowledge, backgrounds, life experiences and interests

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I ... "

- help students see the connections between what they already know and the new material?
- · connect class room learning to students' life experiences and cultural backgrounds?
- · support all students to use first and second language skills to achieve learning goals?
- · open a lesson or unit to capture student attention and interest?
- build on students' comments and questions during a lesson to extend their understanding?

1.3 Connecting subject matter to meaningful, real-life experiences

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- establish a connection between subject matter and purpose for learning?
- make connections between the subject matter and real-life contexts?
- seek feedback from students regarding relevance of subject matter to their lives?
- engage all students in a variety of learning experiences that accommodate the different ways they learn?
- provide opportunities for all students to acquire and practice skills in meaningful contexts?

1.4 Using a variety of instructional strategies, resources, and technologies to meet students' diverse learning needs

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

· use a variety of strategies to introduce, explain, and restate subject matter concepts and processes so all students understand?

- help all students learn, practice, internalize, and applysubject-specific learning strategies and procedures?
- · use differentiated instruction to meet the assessed learning needs of students and increase active participation in learning?
- · adapt materials and resources, make accommodations, and use appropriate assistive equipment and other technologies to support students' diverse learning needs?
- · utilize multiple types of technology to facilitate learning?
- examine and use resources that minimize bias?

1.5 Promoting critical thinking through inquiry, problem solving, and reflection

- As teachers develop, they may ask,, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."
 - encourage students to use multiple approaches and solutions to solve problems?
 - encourage students to ask critical questions and consider diverse perspectives about subject matter?
 - · provide opportunities for students to think about, discuss, and evaluate content?
 - · ask questions to facilitate discussion, clarify, and extend students' thinking
 - · support students to think and communicate with clarity and precision?
 - help students apply previous learning to new situations?
 - · encourage students to create, imagine, and innovate?
 - help students to develop and use strategies and technologies for accessing knowledge and information?
 - considertask analysis in supporting the learning levels of all students?

learning to students' priorknowledge, backgrounds, life experiences, and interests. They connect subject matter tomeaningful, real-life contexts. Teachersuse avariety of instructional strategies, resources and technologies to meet the diverse learning needs of students. They

Standard 1

Engaging and Supporting

All Students in Learning

Teachers know and care about their students

in order to engage them in learning. They connect

promote critical thinking through inquiry, problem solving, and reflection. They monitor student

learning and adjust instruction

while teaching.

1.6 Monitoring student learning and adjusting instruction while teaching

As teachers develop, they may ask,, "How do I..." or "Why do I..." systematically check for student understanding and revise plans accordingly?

incorporate a variety of strategies in a less on to check for student understanding?

- · monitor the learning of students with limited English proficiency or of students with special needs?
- adjust the lesson plan to accelerate instruction when I determine that the pace of the lesson is too slow?
- make "on the spot" changes in my less on based on students' interests and questions?
- provide additional support and opportunities for students to learn when some students have mastered the less on objective(s) and others have not?
- adjust mylesson when Idon't have enough time to complete everything Iplanned to do?

California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 2 Rubric Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments for Student Learning

Std.	Element	Emerging	Exploring	Applying	Integrating	Innovating
2.1	Promoting social development and responsibility within a caring community where each student is treated fairly and respectfully	Minimally models and/or communicates expectations for fair and respectful behavior to support social development in the classroom community.	Models and demonstrates fair and respectful behavior and a commitment to fairness and respect. Seeks to understand cultural perceptions of a caring classroom community.	Routinely models and demonstrates fair and respectful behavior through ClassBuilding and TeamBuilding activities. Incorporates cultural awareness to develop a positive classroom climate.	Consistently develops shared responsibility with students for problem solving. Students take responsibility for resolving conflicts and maintaining a caring classroom community.	Facilitates student self-reflection and ongoing improvement to the classroom community. Students take leadership in resolving conflict and creating a fair and respectful classroom community.
2.2	Creating physical or virtual learning environments that promote student learning, reflect diversity, and encourage constructive and productive interactions among students	Is aware of the importance of the structured physical and/or virtual learning environments that support student learning. Limited access to resources for student use.	Experiments with adapting structured physical and/or virtual learning environments that support student learning. Resources and structures for interaction are inconsistently taught in lessons to support student learning.	Routinely develops and utilizes physical and/or virtual learning environments that reflect student diversity and provide a range of resources for learning. Students use a variety of resources and interact in ways that deepen their understanding.	Consistently maintains physical and/or virtual learning environments. Integrates a variety of structures for interaction that engage students in a positive, constructive, and productive learning culture. Students routinely use a range of resources in learning environments.	Adapts physical and/or virtual learning environments flexibly to facilitate access to a wide range of resources that engage students in learning. Selects from a repertoire of structures. Students participate in monitoring and changing the design of learning environments.
2.3	Establishing and maintaining learning environments that are physically, intellectually, and emotionally safe	Is somewhat aware of policies and laws regarding safety that are required by the site, district, and state. Has vague knowledge of how to respond to behaviors that impact student safety as they arise.	Begins to recognize, teach, and address safety issues regarding materials, student interactions, and the organization of the learning environment. Explores strategies to establish intellectual and emotional safety in the classroom.	Routinely anticipates and reduces risks to physical, intellectual, and emotional safety using multiple strategies that include examining biases in the learning environment and curriculum. Students take risks, offer opinions, and share alternative perspectives.	Consistently reflects on their own language and behavior that contributes to resilience, intellectual, and emotional safety in the classroom. Students develop and practice resiliency skills.	Facilitates shared responsibility with students for developing resiliency, and maintaining a safe, physical, intellectual, and emotional environment focused on high quality and rigorous learning.
2.4	Creating a rigorous learning environment with high expectations and appropriate support for all students	Focuses the rigor of the learning environment on the accuracy of answers and completion of learning tasks. High expectations do not attend to rigor.	Begins to focus on the development of a rigorous learning environment that includes accuracy, understanding, and meeting targeted learning goals. Seeks to maintain high expectations for students while becoming aware of achievement patterns.	Routinely develops a rigorous learning environment that includes analysis, problem solving, and appropriate levels of challenge. Has an understanding of achievement patterns, and uses scaffolds to address achievement gaps. Students engage in a variety of differentiated supports and challenges.	Consistently integrates rigor throughout the learning environment that values critical reading, writing and thinking. Students actively use supports, challenges and/or enrichment across subject matter.	Facilitates a rigorous learning environment in which students take leadership in learning. Students take responsibility to fully utilize teacher and peer support to achieve consistently high levels of learning.
2.5	Developing, communicating, and maintaining high standards for individual and group behavior	Standards for behavior appear to have been established but are inconsistently reinforced.	Begins to implement a one-size-fits-all approach for individual and group behaviors. Seeks to communicate, model, explain, and review as needed expectations.	Routinely uses multiple strategies during instruction including culturally responsive instruction to develop and maintain high standards. Students follow behavioral expectations, accept consequences and increase positive behaviors.	Consistently integrates equitable expectations, positive supports, and consequences across learning activities. Guides students to self-assess, monitor, and set goals for behavior. Students encourage and support each other to make improvements.	Facilitates a positive environment using systems that ensure students take an active role in monitoring and maintaining high standards. Students demonstrate positive behavior, consistent participation, and are valued for their unique identities.
2.6	Employing classroom routines, procedures, norms, and supports for positive behavior to ensure a climate in which all students can learn	Classroom norms, procedures, and/or routines have not been established or are not being enforced. Inconsistently responds to disruptive behavior.	Begins to establish classroom norms, procedures, and routines. Seeks to promote positive behavior and responds to disruptive behavior to reduce loss of instructional time.	Routinely maintains a climate that builds on student strengths. Engages students in self-reflection and monitoring of individual and group behavior. Provides positive behavior support and appropriately responds to disruptive behavior.	Consistently maintains classroom expectations with timely and differentiated feedback that is culturally responsive. Students reflect on the quality of routines, procedures, and norms in ways that improve the learning climate.	Facilitates classroom climate, norms, procedures, and routines that operate seamlessly. Students share the responsibility with the teacher for assessing, managing, and maintaining a positive classroom climate.
2.7	Using instructional time to optimize learning	Learning activities are often rushed or too long, and transitions are rough or confusing resulting in a loss of instructional time. Checking For Understanding (CFU) is not evident.	Begins to pace instructional time so that some students complete learning activities. Transitions used to move students into new activities are in-effectively implemented. CFU strategies are sporadic.	Routinely paces lessons that are appropriate and enable most students to engage successfully with the content. CFU and lesson closure are implemented and transitions are effective.	Consistently paces instruction with embedded CFU strategies and closure while monitoring instructional time. Transitions are seamless. Students use their instructional time to engage in extension and review.	Facilitates instruction by optimizing lessons through pacing, adjusting, and fluidly transitioning instruction and daily activities. Students are engaged in accomplishing learning goals, and participate in reflection, self-assessment, and goal setting.

2.1 Promoting social development and responsibility within a caring community where each student is treated fairly and respectfully

As teachers develop, they may ask "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- model and promote fairness, equity, and respect in a classroom atmosphere that values all individuals and cultures?
- help all students accept andrespect diversity interms of cultural, religious, linguistic, and economic backgrounds; learning differences and ability; gender and gender identity; family structure and sexual orientation' and other aspects of humankind?
- engage students in shared problem-solving and conflict resolution?
- provide learning opportunities that encourage student-to-student communication with empathy and understanding?
- develop students' lea dership skills and provide opportunities to apply them?
- create a classroom culture where students feel a sense of responsibility to and for one another?
- help students to appreciate their own identities and to view themselves as valued contributors to society?
- develop activities that support positive interactions among students and that help students get to know each other?

2.2 Creating physical or virtual learning environments that promote student learning, reflect diversity, and encourage constructive and productive interactions among students

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- arrange and adaptclassroom seating to accommodate individual and group learning needs?
- Establish a stimulating, curriculum-rich learning environment that supports content learning and academic vocabulary development?
- ensure that students develop an appreciation of diversity?
- Provide students access to resources, technologies, and comfortable workspaces?
- create an environment that promotes optimal learning for each student?
- construct an equitable learning environment for all students?

2.3 Establishing and maintaining learning environments that are physically, intellectually, and emotionally safe

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

 arrange the learning environment to facilitate positive and productive classroom interactions?

2.4 Creating a rigorous learning environment with high expectations and appropriate support for all student

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I...

- establish a productive, achievement-orientated climate in my classroom?
- set high expectations for all of my students?
- motivate all students to initiate their own learning and strive for challenging learning goals?
- provide all students opportunities to examine and evaluate their own work and to learn from the work of their peers?
- ensure access to challenging and diverse academic content for all students?
- ensure generalization of skills across school and non-school environments and people, including school staff and community partners?

2.5 Developing, communicating, and maintaining high standards for individual and group behavior

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · facilitate student participation in classroom decision-making?
 - foster and support appropriate student behavior?
 - collaborate with students, families, and communities to establish, maintain, and communicate standards for student behavior?
 - understand the underlying cause of student behavior, including developmental anindividual needs, and utilize that knowledge in support of positive classroom conduct?
 - work proactively to prevent and respond quickly to minimize behavioral issues?
 - understand and respond to inappropriate behaviors in an efficient, fair, and equitable way?
 - help all students learn to take responsibility for their own behavior and actions?
 - 2.6 Employing classroom routines, procedures, norms, and supports for positive behavior to ensure a climate in which all students can learn As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."
 - involve all students in the development of classroom procedures and routines?
- help students transition smoothly and efficiently from one instructional activity to thenext?
- apply knowledge of students' physical, social, cognitive and emotional development to ensure that adequate time and support are provided for students to complete learning activities?
- develop daily schedules, timelines, classroomroutines, and norms that maximize learning?
- connect district, site and classroom procedures to promote a climate of fairness and respect for all students?
- a dapt routines, procedures, and norms to ensure the success of students with special needs?
- reinforce and reward appropriates ocial and academic behavior in the classroom?

•2.7 Using instructional time to optimize learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- organize instruction to optimize learning time?
- · pace instruction to accomplish learning goals?
- re-direct students' off-task behavior to make the most of instructional time?
- adjust instructional time so that all students remain engaged and challenged?
- structure time for both independent and collaborative learning opportunities?
- balance instructional, preparation, administrative, and managerial time?

Standard 2 Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments for Student Learning

Teachers promote social development and responsibility within a caring community where each student is treated fairly and respectfully. They create physical or virtual learning environments that promote student learning, reflect diversity, and encourage constructive and productive interactions among student. They create a rigorous learning environment with high expectations and appropriate support for all students. Teachers develop, communicate, and maintain high standards for individual and group behavior to ensure a climate in which all students can learn. They employ classroom routines, procedures, norms, and supports for positive behavior to ensure a climate in which all students can learn. They use instructional time to optimize learning.

- encourage, support, and recognize the achievements and contributions of all students?
- encourage students to take risks and to express thoughtful and respectful opinions related to the topic or subject of discussion?
- foster the development of each student's self-esteem?
- create a safe, accessible learning environment for all students?
- prevent behavior problems by intervening early using strategies matched to the student's current learning and behavior levels?
- assist students in de-escalation when in crisis, while maintaining a safe environment for all students?
- provide student supervision in unstructured settings, such as cafeterias, buses, hallways, and playgrounds?

California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 3 Rubric Understanding and Organizing Subject Matter for Student Learning

Ctd	Element			Annihing		Innovating
Std.	Element	Emerging	Exploring	Applying	Integrating	Innovating
3.1	Demonstrating	Foundational knowledge of	Begins to examine concepts in	Routinely explains the relationship	Consistently uses broad knowledge	Uses extensive knowledge of subject
	knowledge of subject	subject matter is present. May not	subject matter and academic	between subject matter concepts,	of the relationships between subject	matter concepts, current issues,
	matter academic content	adequately support students'	language to identify connections	academic language, and academic	matter concepts, academic	academic language, and research to
	standards	learning and / or articulate	between academic content standards	content standards and is able to	language, and academic content	make relevant connections to
		content standards clearly and	and instruction	connect content and instruction for	standards in ways that ensure clear	standards during instruction and
		effectively for students.		students.	connections and relevance to	extend student learning.
					students.	<i>J</i>
3.2	Applying knowledge of	Has some knowledge of student	Begins developing a basic	Routinely adapts instruction based on	Consistently integrates knowledge	Uses comprehensive knowledge of all
3.2	student development	stages of development and the	understanding of student	student development and proficiencies	to inform instructional decisions	students to guide and develop
	and proficiencies to	differences in students'	development. Explicitly teaches	to meet students' diverse learning	and provides equitable access to	proficiencies and has a deep
	ensure student	understanding of subject matter.	subject specific vocabulary and	needs, explicit teaching of essential	ensure student understanding of	understanding of subject matter,
		understanding of subject matter.				
	understanding of subject		academic language, but does not	academic vocabulary in ways that	subject matter at all language and	including equitable access at all levels
	matter.		adapt adequately to student needs.	engage all students in subject matter	ability levels.	for students, proficiency in
				text or learning activities.		self-directing, goal-setting, and
						monitoring and improvement.
3.3	Organizing curriculum	Follows organization of	Begins following organization of	Routinely uses knowledge of	Consistently integrates key concepts	Uses extensive knowledge of
1	to facilitate student	curriculum as provided by site	curriculum as provided by the site	curriculum and student readiness to	and information within the	curriculum and related resources to
1	understanding of the	and district to support student	and district, but does not adapt as	organize, adjust, and adapt the	curriculum, relates content to	flexibly and effectively organize and
	subject matter	understanding of subject matter.	needed to support student	curriculum to ensure most students'	students' lives, and uses previous	adjust instruction. Facilitates student
		*Aware of curriculum but does	understanding of subject matter.	understanding of subject matter.	learning to extend students'	articulation and comprehension about
		not ensure all students have	Begins to understand curriculum and	Routinely uses knowledge of	understanding.	what they do and don't understand.
			ensures some students have access.	curriculum to ensure students have		
		access. (ES)	(ES)	access. (ES)		
3.4	Utilizing instructional	Subject matter is only presented.	Begins to use a few targeted	Routinely selects and adapts	Consistently integrates instructional	Draws upon an extensive repertoire of
	strategies that are	Instructional strategies may not	instructional strategies to make the	instructional strategies to ensure	strategies appropriate to subject	instructional strategies to develop
	appropriate to the	be appropriately matched to	content accessible to students and	critical thinking and student	matter to meet students' diverse	enthusiasm and meta-cognitive
	subject matter	subject matter content or concepts	encourages some students to think	understanding of academic language	learning needs and guide students in	abilities. Supports and challenges the
		and may not encourage students	critically or to extend their	and addresses students' diverse	understanding connections within	full range of students towards a deeper
		to think critically or to extend	knowledge of subject matter.	learning needs.	and across subject matter.	knowledge of subject matter.
		their knowledge.				
3.5	Using and adapting	District provided instructional	Begins to use additional materials,	Routinely uses additional materials,	Consistently integrates adapted	Engages students with equitable access
3.3	resources, technologies	materials, resources, and	resources, and technologies to	resources, and technologies to	resources, technologies, and	in identifying and adapting resources,
	and standards aligned	technologies are used. Materials	convey key subject matter concepts.	explicitly convey key subject matter	materials to meet the needs of all	technologies, and standards-aligned
	instructional materials,	may not accurately reflect diverse	Materials may reflect diverse			instructional materials to extend
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	1	concepts. Teaches students to use	students. Students have equitable	
	to make subject matter	perspectives.	perspectives.	resources based on individual needs.	access to materials, resources, and	student understanding and critical
	accessible to all students			Materials reflect diversity and	technologies. Seeks outside	thinking about subject matter.
				differentiation.	resources and supports.	
3.6	Addressing the needs of	Is aware of students' primary	Begins to provide adaptive materials	Routinely identifies gaps in language	Consistently implements scaffolds	Facilitates ELs in assessment of their
1	English Learners (EL)	language and English language	to help English Learners with	proficiencies and EL strengths to	to differentiate for EL's and students	progress in English language
	and students with	proficiency and aware of students	language proficiencies in listening,	differentiate instruction and address	with special needs in order to	development and content standards
1	special needs to provide	identified as special needs and	speaking, reading and writing.	learning gaps based on the ELD	understand content.	goals.
1	equitable access to the	somewhat acts on that	Students with special needs access	standards.		Is resourceful and flexible in the
1	content	knowledge.	content with modifications and/or	Routinely utilizes information about	*Consistently communicates and	design, adjustment and elimination of
1			accommodations. May not	special needs students to assess	cooperates regularly with resource	scaffolds based on EL proficiencies,
1			effectively implement assigned	strengths and competencies and	personnel, para-educators and	knowledge and skills in content.
			research-based strategies to meet the	provide appropriate challenges and	families as needed to ensure that	Facilitates students with special needs
1			needs of both groups of students.	accommodations in instruction.	student services are provided and	to actively engage in the assessment
1			needs of both groups of students.	accommodations in instruction.	progress is made in accessing	and monitoring of their learning needs
			*Is knowledgeable about the IED	*Poutingly complies with the IED		and content access. *Communicates
1			*Is knowledgeable about the IEP	*Routinely complies with the IEP	appropriate content. (ES)	
1			process, may not routinely comply.	process. (ES)		and collaborates with all participants
1			(ES)			and students in creating a coordinated
						program to optimize success (ES)

3.1 Demonstrating knowledge of subject matter, academic content standards, and curriculum frameworks

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ... " or "Why do I ... "

- ensure that my subject matter knowledge is sufficient to support student learning?
- continue to keep my subject matter knowledge current?
- identify, understand, and teach the key concepts and underlying themes and relationships in the academic content standards and state frameworks
- integrate key concepts, themes, relationships and connections across subject matter areas?
- ensure thatmy knowledge of the subject matter incorporates different perspectives, appropriate to the discipline?
- maintain and utilize current understanding of relevant content standards and frameworks?

3.2 Applying knowledge of student development and proficiencies to ensure student understanding of subject matter

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- apply my knowledge of human development and learning theory to the unique students that I teach?
- acquireunderstanding of my students' individual cognitive, social, emotional and physical development?
- connect content being taught to students' prior knowledge and experiences?
- Build understanding of English Learners' levels of language?
- acquisition in order to know how to best support their learning?
- build understanding of my students with special needs in order to know how and when to differentiate instruction?

3.3 Organizing curriculum to facilitate student understanding of the subject matter

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ... " or "Why do I ... "

- use my knowledge of student readiness to learn to organize, sequence, and enhance curriculum?
- apply my knowledge of the subject matter to organize curriculum, plan lessons and units, and select instructional strategies that demonstrate key concepts and their interrelationships?
- · organize subject matter to reveal and value different cultural perspectives?
- incorporate subject or grade level expectations and curriculum frameworks in organizing subject matter?
- utilize standards-aligned and/or adopted curriculum in ways that support student learning?
- apply my knowledge of various disciplines and integrate cross-disciplinary skills to plan sequenced lessons appropriate to students' accessibility and learning levels?

3.4 Utilizing instructional strategies that are appropriate to the subject matter

As teach ers develop they may ask, "How do I ..." or "Why do I ..."

- · develop and use a repertoire of instructional strategies appropriate to the subject matter?
- build on students' life experiences, prior knowledge, and interests to make subject matter relevant and meaningful to students?
- use effective instructional strategies and approaches to illustrate a concept and its connections within and across subject areas?
- · challenge all students to think critically in the subject area?

Standard 3

Understanding and

Organizing Subject Matter

for Student Learning

Teachers exhibit in-depth working knowledge

of subject matter, academic content standards, and

curriculum frameworks. They apply knowledge of

student development and proficiencies to ensure student

understanding of content. They organize curriculum to

facilitate students' understanding of the subject matter.

Teachers utilize instructional strategies that are appropriate

to the subject matter. They use and adapt resources,

including adopted materials, to make subject matter

accessible to all students. They address the needs

of English learners and students with special

needs to provide equitable access to

the content.

- · help all students develop enthusiasm for and a deep knowledge of the subject matter?
 - use strategies that make the depth and complexity of subject matter understandable to all students?
 - individualizeinstructional strategies appropriate to the subject matter considering accessibility and learning needs of individuals with exceptionalities
 - Expand expertise with research-based effective practices appropriate to the subject matter?

3.5 Using and adapting resources, technologies, and standards-aligned instructional materials, including adopted materials, to make subject matter accessible to all students

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- know the full range of materials, resources, and technologies provided by the school or district?
- Select materials, resources & technologies to support differentiated student learning of the subject matter?
- select and use learning materials and resources that reflect the diversity in my classroom?
- use technologies to convey key concepts in the subject matter?
- learnabout and access new instructional resources to support student learning?
- expand expertise with evidence-based instructional and assistive technology to support student access to challenging content?

3.6 Addressing the needs of English learners and students with special needs to provide equitable access to the content

As teach ers develop they may ask, "How do I ... " or "Why do I ... "

- address the English Language Development (ELD) standards as they relate to my English Learners' level of language acquisition?
- address the Individual Education Plan (IEP) goals and objectives for students with special needs?
- select materials, resources, and technologies to support subject matter instruction of my English Learners and students with special needs?
- Ensure access to the critical concepts and themes in the academic content standards and state curriculum frameworks for students at various levels of English proficiency and for students with special needs?

California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 4 Rubric Planning Instruction and Designing Learning Experiences for All Students

Std.	I. Element Emerging Exploring Applying Integrating Innovating						
4.1	Using knowledge of	Inconsistently plan lessons using	Begins to plan daily lessons	Routinely examines instructional	Consistently uses knowledge of	Facilitates systematic opportunities	
7.1	students' academic	available curriculum and may not	using students' background	materials for bias to ensure daily	bias to use daily lesson plans to	through daily lesson planning to	
	readiness, language	use students' academic readiness,	information and individual	lesson plans reflect students'	differentiate instruction that	support and extend student	
	proficiency, cultural	language proficiency, cultural	development.	diverse needs. Plans and applies	matches students to specific	learning that engages them in the	
	background, and	background, and individual	Seeks to learn about culturally	culturally responsive pedagogy.	strategies that attend to their	analysis of bias, stereotyping, and	
	individual	development to plan instruction.	responsive pedagogy.	earthair responsive peaugogy.	diverse learning needs and cultural	assumptions.	
	development to plan	May be unaware of the impact of	respense peangegy.		backgrounds.		
	instruction.	bias on learning.			3 3		
4.2	Establishing and	May not establish learning and	Begins to establish and write	Routinely establishes and	Consistently communicates	Facilitates students' use of learning	
	articulating goals	language goals and/or lessons are	learning and language goals for	communicates clear learning and	comprehensive learning and	and language goals that are	
	for student learning	neither based on content standards	skill development based on	language goals to students that are	language goals for students.	frequently referred to and utilized	
		nor available curriculum.	standards and curriculum.	accessible. Plans for students to	Students can articulate and	to monitor and advance their	
				articulate and monitor learning and	monitor their own learning and	learning.	
				language goals.	language goals.	_	
					*Consistently monitor and adjust	*Facilitates students' awareness	
		*Does not establish measurable	*Begins to establish measurable	*Routinely establishes measurable	measurable and obtainable learning	and understanding of IEP/Behavior	
		and obtainable learning goals, (ES)	and obtainable learning goals,	and obtainable learning goals,	goals, including IEP/Behavior	goals.(ES)	
			(ES)	including IEP/Behavior goals, (ES)	goals, (ES)		
4.3	Developing and	Uses provided curriculum	Begins to plan curriculum units	Routinely establishes short- and	Consistently refines sequence of	Utilizes extensive knowledge of	
	sequencing long-	guidelines for daily goals that	that include a series of	long-term lesson plans for subject	long-term plans to reflect	the curriculum, content standards,	
	term and short-	support students' short and	connected lessons and are linked	matter concepts and essential	integration of curriculum	and learning needs to design	
	term instructional	long-term goals.	to short and long-term planning	related academic language and	guidelines, frameworks, and	cohesive and comprehensive short	
	plans to support		to support student learning.	formats that support student	content standards with assessed	and long-term instructional plans	
	student learning	*I 4h-4 IED/D-h		learning.	instructional needs to ensure	that ensure high levels of learning.	
		*Is aware that IEP/Behavior goals	*Desires to use IED/Dehavior	*Doutingly along voice the	student learning.	Facilitates planning that includes	
		and objectives can be used to develop short and long-term plans	*Begins to use IEP/Behavior goals and objectives to develop	*Routinely plans using the IEP/BIP goals to determine	*Consistently plans analysis and	analysis of the effectiveness of the least restrictive environment for	
		within the designated least	short and long-term plans within	appropriate instruction and support	ongoing adjustments to IEP/BIP	individual students' needs in all	
		restrictive environment. (ES)	the designated least restrictive	within the least restrictive	goals for services within the least	areas. (ES)	
		restrictive chynomicht. (ES)	environment. (ES)	environment. (ES)	restrictive environment. (ES)	areas. (LS)	
4.4	Planning instruction	Plans instruction, but may not	Begins to select strategies that	Routinely uses assessment to	Consistently uses a broad range of	Facilitates and plans instruction to	
	that incorporates	incorporate strategies suggested by	respond to students' diverse	inform planning and incorporates	assessments to plan and	specifically meet the needs of	
	appropriate strategies	curriculum guidelines.	learning and language needs.	differentiated instructional	differentiate instruction to address	diverse learners providing	
	to meet the learning	May not be aware of student	Using information beyond basic	strategies that are culturally	different learning styles that	opportunities for students to reflect	
	needs of all students	learning and language needs. May	data.	responsive.	support, challenge and enrich	on their learning.	
		not use data provided by the site		T. P. C. C.	students' learning.	3.	
		and district to meet learning needs.					
		_					
		*Adheres to strategies and services	*Explores additional strategies	*Utilizes effective strategies and	*Analyzes the effectiveness of		
		outlined in student's IEPs to	and services to ensure access to	services to ensure access to a	strategies and services to ensure	*Utilizes extensive knowledge of	
		ensure access to a functional	a functional communication	functional communication system.	access to a functional	effective strategies and services for	
		communication system. (ES)	system. (ES)	(ES)	communication system. (ES)	individual student's IEP (ES).	
4.5	Adapting instructional	May not use assessments in	Begins to intentionally plan and	Routinely differentiates instruction	Consistently makes ongoing	Plans for a wide range of	
	plans and curricular	determining the needs of students.	adapt lessons based on the	using culturally responsive	adjustments to instructional plans	adaptations to lessons based on in	
	materials to meet the	May not adapt the lessons and	assessed needs of students.	pedagogy and additional	and uses a variety of researched	depth analysis of individual	
	assessed learning needs	curriculum provided.		researched based materials and	based materials to support student	student needs. Engages with	
	of all students.			strategies to support students'	learning.	students to identify types of	
				diverse learning needs.		adjustments in instruction that	

meet their learning needs.

4.1 Using knowledge of students' academic readiness, language proficiency, cultural background, and individual development to plan instruction

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ... " or "Why do I ... "

- · incorporate students' prior knowledge and experience in my curriculum and instructional planning?
- use knowledge of my students' lives, their families, and their communities to inform my planning of curriculum and instruction?
- use knowledge of my students' individual cognitive, social, emotional, and physical development to plan instruction and make appropriate adaptations to meet students' unique needs?
- plan lessons and units that promote access to academic content standards for all students?
- use knowledge of my English Learners' levels of language proficiency to plan instruction that supports their subject matter learning and academic language development?
- use knowledge of my students' diverse learning needs to plan instruction that supports their learning?

4.2 Establishing and articulating goals for student learning

Asteachers develop they may ask, "How do I ... " or "Why do I ... "

- build on the strengths, interests, and needs of all students to establish high expectations for learning?
- establish long-term and short-term goals that are based on academic content standards and reflect students' strengths, interests, and needs?
- determine learning goals that address all students' language abilities and diverse learning needs?
- establish learning goals that address school, district, and community expectations?
- · work with students and families to establish learning goals?
- develop goals that prepare students for successful transition to their next learning environment?
- communicate clear, challenging, and achievable expectations for students?
- develop IFSP/IEP goals and objectives that are measurable and obtainable?

4.3 Developing and sequencing long-term and shortterm instructional plans to support student learning

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ..." or "Why do I ..."

- · design an instructional program that considers the long-term and the short-term?
- · use assessment results for long-term and short-term planning?
- incorporate diverse subject matter perspectives in my planning?
- select and sequence instructional strategies appropriate to the complexity of the lesson content and to student learning needs?
- · plan an instructional program that supports students' second language learning and diverse learning needs
- · incorporate my professional expertise and knowledge of my students into a prescribed
- · curriculum, pace, and district assessment calendar?
- · collaborate with colleagues to make instructional decisions?
- design instruction so that students participate in setting and achieving their individual learning goals?
- teach to mastery and promote generalization of learning?
- ensure students with exceptionalities receive appropriate instruction and support within the least restrictive environment?

4.4 Planning instruction that incorporates appropriate strategies to meet the learning needs of all students

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ..." or "Why do I ..."

- · develop unit and lesson plans that build on and extend students' understanding of subject matter?
- · ensure that each instructional strategy is related to learning goals?

Standard 4

Planning Instruction

and Designing Learning

Experiences for All Students

Teachers use knowledge of students' academic

readiness, language proficiency, cultural

background, and individual development to plan

instruction. They establish and articulate goals for

student learning. They develop and sequence long-

term and short-term instructional plans to support

student learning. Teachers plan instruction that

incorporates appropriate strategies to meet the

diverse learning needs of all students. They

modify and adapt instructional plans

to meet the assessed learning

needs of all students.

- · plan instruction to allow enough time for student learning, review, and assessment?
- use my knowledge of subject matter and my students to plan and appropriately pace instructional activities within a lesson and over time?
 - check for understanding, prepare for adjustments, remediate or accelerate instruction, and individualize when appropriate?
 - address the ELD standards appropriately, based on my English learners' levels of language acquisition?
 - address the IEP goals and objectives of my students with special needs?
 - select materials, resources, and technologies to support the learning needs of English learners and students with special needs?
 - utilize strategies to ensure each student including non-verbal students and/or students with reduced language processing have a tructional communication system?
 - utilize strategies to enhance language skills in the areas of listening, speaking, reading and writing?

4.5 Adapting instructional plans and curricular materials to meet the assessed learning needs of all students

As teachers develop they may ask, "How do I ..." or "Why do I ..."

- interact with my colleagues to identify typically difficult concepts or skills for students in order to re-examine and strengthen plans for future lessons?
- · Proactively prepare for appropriate adjustments
- · based on my assessment of student learning while teaching?
- strengthen existing plans for students at identified levels of English proficiency?
- · strengthen existing plans for students with special needs?
- reflect on my successes and struggles and apply what I have learned about effective and ineffective strategies to existing plans for future lessons?
- reflect on my successes and struggles with the use of curriculum and apply what I have learned to existing plans for future lessons?
- capture what I have learned during a particular lesson so that I can revisit my plans in advance of teaching the lesson again?
- strengthen IFSP/IEP documents including transition plans?
- plan for instruction by incorporating all relevant IFSP/IEP information behavior and academic information?

California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 5 Rubric Assessing Students for Learning

Std.	Element	Emerging	Exploring	Applying	Integrating	Innovating
5.1	Applying knowledge of the purposes, characteristics, and uses of different types of assessments	Is aware of the purposes, characteristics and possible bias of formative and summative assessments.	Begins to use different types of pre-assessments, formative and summative assessments and identifies specific characteristics of them that yield different types of information about students and minimizes bias.	Routinely selects assessments based on a clear understanding of the purposes and characteristics of assessments to support student learning.	Consistently develops and adapts a variety of appropriate pre-assessments, formative and summative assessments to address students' learning needs/progress and to have students demonstrate what they know without bias.	Draws flexibly from a repertoire of appropriate and non-biased assessment options and characteristics to maximize student demonstration of knowledge.
		*Is aware of accommodations and modifications for state and local assessments as outlined in individual students' IEP. (ES)	*Begins to identify specific purposes and uses of accommodations and modifications for state and local assessments. (ES)	*Routinely selects appropriate and legal accommodations and modifications for state and local assessments (ES)	*Consistently uses and adapts accommodations and modifications for state and local assessments based on individual students' learning and accessibility needs. (ES)	*Demonstrates purposeful use of a wide range of accommodations and modifications for local assessments systematically and flexibly. (ES)
5.2	Collecting and analyzing assessment data from a variety of sources to inform instruction	May not use data to assess student learning or may not have an understanding of the required processes for data analysis. May not draw conclusions about student learning.	Begins to collect data and makes adjustments in planning for lessons based on analysis of assessment data.	Routinely collects a variety of assessment data on student learning and uses analysis of the data to inform planning and differentiation of instruction.	Consistently uses data analysis of assessments to provide comprehensive information to guide planning and differentiation of instruction. Designs and integrates an assessment plan.	Infuses assessments strategically and systematically throughout instruction to collect and analyze ongoing assessment data appropriate for the range of learning needs, differentiation, and instruction.
5.3	Reviewing data, both individually and with colleagues, to monitor student learning	May not review and monitor available assessment data as required by site and district processes.	Begins to review and monitor assessment data individually and with colleagues and identifies individual student learning needs.	Routinely reviews and monitors a variety of data on student learning individually and with colleagues to identify trends/patterns among students.	Consistently reviews and monitors a broad range of data individually and with colleagues to analyze student thinking and identify underlying causes for trends/patterns.	Facilitates collaborative work and fosters colleagues' ability to identify and address underlying causes for achievement patterns/trends.
		*Recognizes that IEP goals are based on data and developed with colleagues in all areas of need; services are provided within the designated Least Restrictive Environment. (ES)	*Begins to expand knowledge that IEP goals are developed using data from past progress and are linked to services within the Least Restrictive Environment. (ES)	*Routinely and systematically reviews data individually and with colleagues that allows for evidence of Educational Benefit. (ES)	*Consistently adjusts instruction, goals, or services based on data reviewed individually or with colleagues to ensure Educational Benefit. (ES)	*Facilitates and systematically reviews data individually or with colleagues to offer evidence of change to ensure Educational Benefit within the Least Restrictive Environment. (ES)
5.4	Using assessment data to establish learning goals and to plan, differentiate, and modify instruction	May not use data from assessments to set learning goals for the class or plan instruction using available curriculum guidelines.	Begins to use assessment data to establish content based learning goals for class and individual student and plans adjustments in instruction to address students' learning needs.	Routinely uses a variety of assessment data to set student learning goals for content and academic language. Plans differentiated lessons and modifications to instruction to meet students' diverse learning needs.	Consistently integrates a broad range of data to set learning goals for content and academic language across content standards. Plans differentiated instruction targeted to meet individual and group learning needs. Modifies lessons during instruction based on informal assessments.	Reflects on data continuously to make ongoing refinements to learning goals for content and academic language for the full range of students. Uses data systematically to refine planning, differentiate instruction, and make ongoing adjustments to match the evolving learning needs of individuals and groups.
5.5	Involving all students in self-assessment, goal setting*, and monitoring progress	Informs students about objectives, outcomes, and assessment results. Monitors students' progress using available tools for recording.	Begins to encourage and guide students to establish learning goals through lessons that include goal setting exercises. Provides students with opportunities in lessons to monitor their own progress toward goals.	Routinely models and scaffolds student self-assessment and goal setting processes for learning content and academic language development. Guides students to monitor and reflect on progress on a regular basis.	Consistently implements structures for students to self-assess and set learning goals related to content, academic language and individual skills. Integrates student self-assessment, goal setting, and monitoring progress across the curriculum.	Provides systematic opportunities for student self-assessment, goal setting, and monitoring progress. Develops students' metacognitive skills for analyzing progress and refining goals towards high levels. of academic achievement.

5.6	Using available	Limited use of available	Begins to use technologies to	Routinely uses technology to	Consistently integrates a variety of	Uses a wide range of technologies to
	technologies to	technology to record	implement individual assessments,	design and implement	technologies into the development,	design, implement, and analyze
	assist in	assessments, determine	record results, and communicate with	assessments, record and analyze	implementation, analysis of	assessments and provides for in
	assessment,	proficiency levels, and make	administration, colleagues, and	results, and communicate about	assessments, and communication of	depth and ongoing communication
	analysis, and	communications about student	families about student learning.	student learning with	student learning to all audiences.	regarding student learning for all
	communication	learning.		administration, colleagues,		audiences.
	of student			families, and students. Ensures		
	learning			that communications are		
	Č			received by those who lack		
				access to technology.		
5.7	Using	May not provide students with	Begins to provide students with	Routinely provides students	Consistently integrates the ongoing	Facilitates students' leadership in
	assessment	comprehensible feedback from	feedback based	information about strengths,	sharing of clear and timely feedback to	seeking and using ongoing
	information to	assessments. May not notify	on assessments in ways that students	needs, and strategies for	students from assessments in ways that	comprehensible feedback to
	share timely and	families of student	understand.	improving academic	support increased learning.	accelerate their learning. Engages
	comprehensible	proficiencies, challenges, and	Communicates with	achievement. Provides	Communicates regularly with families	families in a variety of ongoing
	feedback with	behavior issues through school	families about student	opportunities for two-way	to share a range of assessment	comprehensible communications
	students and	mandated procedures.	progress, strengths, behavior, and	communications with families	information that is comprehensible and	about individual student progress
	their families	-	academic needs when necessary.	to share student assessments	responsive to individual student and	and ways to provide and monitor
			_	and progress.	family needs.	support.

^{*} Consider the inclusion of English Language Development or Academic English goals along with content goals.

5.1 Applying knowledge of the purposes, characteristics, and uses of different type of assessments

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · become knowledgeable of the different types of assessments -- and their uses, benefits, and limitations -- that I draw on to inform my instruction?
- · select assessment strategies and instruments appropriate to the learning outcomes being evaluated?
- · use my knowledge of assessment concepts such as validity, reliability, and bias to choose assessments appropriate to my students?
- · design grading practices that draw on multiple sources of information and reflect student learning?"
- · appropriately modify and accommodate state and local assessments based on students' learning and accessibility needs?
- apply knowledge of gender, family background, cultural and linguistic biases that impact formal and informal assessment outcomes?

5.2 Collecting and analyzing assessment data from a variety of sources to informinstruction

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · keep a continuous and comprehensive record of group and individual achievement?
- · select, design, and use assessment tools appropriate to what is being assessed?
- · collect, select, and reflect upon evidence of student learning?
- · work with families to gather information about all students and their learning?
- · use standardized tests, diagnostic tools, and developmental assessments to understand student progress?
- use a range of assessment strategies to implement and monitor individualized student learning goals (including IEP goals)?
- · assess student behavior to support learning?
- · interpret data based on how an assessment is scored and what results it reports?

5.4 Using assessment data to establish learning goals and to plan, differentiate, and modify instruction

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- draw, upon assessment data to support development of learning goals?
- · review and revise learning goals with students over time?
- · ensure that student learning goals reflect key subject matter concepts, skills, and applications?
 - · use informal assessments to adjust instruction while teaching?
 - · use multiple sources of assessment to measure student progress and revise instructional plans?
 - · work to differentiate goals and plans based on assessed needs of my diverse learners?
 - · address the specific needs of English learners and students with special needs as I use assessments to inform my instruction?

Standard 5 Assessing Students for Learning

Teachers applyknowledge of the purposes. characteristics, and uses of different types of assessments. They collect and analyze assessment data from a variety of sources and use those data to inform instruction. They review data, both individually and with colleagues, to monitor student learning. Teachers use assessment data to establish learning goals and to plan, differentiate, and modify instruction. They involve all students in self-assessment, goal setting and monitoring progress. Teachers use available technologies to assist in assessment, analysis, and communication of student learning. They use assessment information to share timely and comprehensible feedback with students and their families

5.5 Involving all students in self-assessment, goal setting, and monitoring progress

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · make assessment integral to the learning process?
- · make assessment an interactive process between teacher and student?
- · model self-assessment strategies for all students?
- · develop and use tools and guidelines that help all students assess their work and monitor their learning goals?
- · provide opportunities for all students to engage in peer discussion and reflection of their work?
- · provide opportunities for all students to demonstrate and reflect on their learning inside and outside of the classroom?

5.6 Using available technologies to assist in assessment, analysis, and communication of student learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..." · become familiar with and select technology resources that support assessment practices?

- · use technology to analyze student learning and inform instruction?
- · use appropriate technology resources to communicate students' learning to students and their families?

5.3 Reviewing data, both individually and with colleagues, to monitor student learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · review student assessment data with colleagues?
- · Use assessment results to monitor my teaching and guide planning and instruction?
- . Use assessment information to determine when and how to revisit content that has been taught?
- · Use assessment data to eliminate gaps between students' potential and their performance?
- · Use assessment results to plan instruction to support English Learners?
- · Use assessment results to plan instruction to support students' IEPs?
- · collect and utilize data to ensure educational benefit when aligning assessment data with goals and services within the least restrictive environment?

5.7 Using assessment information to share timely and comprehensible feedback with students and their families

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · provide all students with information about their progress as they engage in learning activities?
- · initiate regular and timely contact with families and resource providers about student progress?
- · communicate assessment results to families in ways that are respectful and understandable
- · provide families with ways to use assessment information at home to improve student learning?

California Standards for the Teaching Profession – Standard 6 Rubric Developing as a Professional Educator

Std.	Element	Emerging	Exploring	Applying	Integrating	Innovating
6.1	Reflecting on teaching practice in support of student learning	May not reflect on teaching practice to support student learning.	Begins to engage in reflection on teaching practice individually and with colleagues that is focused on methods to support the full range of learners.	Routinely engages in reflection individually and with colleagues on the relationship between making adjustments in teaching practice and impact on the full range of learners.	Consistently reflects individually and with colleagues on refinements in teaching practice and connections among the elements of the CSTP to positively impact the full range of learners.	Maintains ongoing reflective practice and action research in supporting student learning and raising the level of academic achievement. Engages in and fosters reflection among colleagues for school wide impact on student learning.
6.2	Establishing professional goals and engaging in continuous and purposeful professional growth and development	May not develop goals connected to the CSTP through processes and protocols. May not expand knowledge and skills individually and with colleagues through research and available professional development.	Begins to set self-assessed goals connected to the CSTP. Expands skills individually and with colleagues through research and professional development and begins to apply new learning.	Routinely sets challenging self-assessed goals connected to the CSTP. Selected professional development and research aligns personal goals with school and district goals, and focuses on improving student learning through classroom application.	Consistently sets and modifies goals connected to the CSTP that are intellectually challenging and based on self-assessment and feedback from a variety of sources. Engages in evidence based practices and contributes to professional development to improve student achievement. Pursues a variety of additional opportunities to learn professionally.	Sets and modifies a broad range of professional goals connected to the CSTP to improve instructional practice and impact student learning within and beyond the classroom. Engages in ongoing inquiry into teacher practice for professional development. Contributes to professional organizations, and development opportunities to extend their own teaching practice.
6.3	Collaborating with colleagues and the broader professional community to support teacher and student learning	May not attend or is late to required meetings and collaborations. May not access student and teacher resources. *May not be aware of district guidelines in regards to using paraeducators, tutors and volunteers within the educational setting. (ES)	Begins to consult with colleagues to consider how best to support teacher and student learning. Begins to identify how to access student and teacher resources in the broader professional community. *Begins to consult with colleagues and supervisors to provide guidance and direction to paraeducators, tutors and volunteers. (ES)	Routinely collaborates with colleagues to improve student learning and reflect on teaching practice at the classroom level. Interacts with members of the broader professional community to access resources that support teacher effectiveness and student learning. *Routinely provides guidance and direction to paraeducators, tutors and volunteers and collaborates with colleagues through a continuum of support, (ES)	Consistently collaborates with colleagues to expand impact on teacher and student learning within grade, department, school and district levels. Engages with members of the broader professional community to access resources and a wide range of support for teaching the full range of learners. *Consistently pairs paraeducators, tutors and volunteers utilizing individual strengths matched with student needs and collaborates, consults, and co-teaches with colleagues. (ES)	Facilitates collaboration with colleagues. Works to ensure the broadest positive impact possible on instructional practice and student achievement at school and district levels and for the profession. Initiates and develops professional learning opportunities with the broader professional community focused on student achievement. *Designs work plans and collaborative models for working with paraeducators, tutors and volunteers. (ES)
6.4	Working with families to support student learning	May not be aware of the role of the family in student learning and need for interactions with families.	Begins to acknowledge the importance of the family's role in student learning. Seeks information about cultural norms of families represented in the school. Welcomes family involvement at classroom/school events.	Routinely encourages families to contribute to the classroom and school. Adjusts communications to families based on awareness of cultural norms and experiences with schools. Routinely promotes ongoing effective feedback systems between students, families and school.(ES)	Consistently provides opportunities and support for families to actively participate in the classroom and school. Communicates to families in ways which show understanding of and respect for cultural norms. Consistently establishes ongoing effective feedback systems between students, families and school. (ES)	Structures a wide range of opportunities for families to contribute to the classroom and school community. Supports a school / district environment in which families take leadership to improve student learning.
6.5	Engaging local communities in support of the instructional program	May not have awareness about local neighborhoods and communities surrounding the school. May not use available neighborhood and community resources in lessons.	Begins to seek available neighborhood and community resources. Includes references or connections to communities in lessons.	Routinely uses a variety of neighborhood and community resources to support the curriculum. Includes knowledge of communities when designing/implementing instruction.	Consistently utilizes a broad range of neighborhood and community resources to support the instructional program, students, families. Draws from understanding of community to improve and enrich the instructional program.	Collaborates with community members to increase instructional and learning opportunities for students. Engages students in leadership and service in the community. Incorporates community members into the school learning community.

6.6	Managing professional responsibilities to maintain motivation and commitment to all students	May have a misunderstanding of professional responsibilities. May not seek to meet required commitments to students.	Begins to maintain professional responsibilities in a timely manner and seeks support as needed in a positive and willing manner. Demonstrates commitment by exploring ways to address individual student needs.	Routinely anticipates professional responsibilities and manages time and effort required to meet expectations. Pursues ways to support students' diverse learning needs and maintains belief in students' capacity for achievement.	Consistently integrates the full range of professional responsibilities into planning and prepares for situations that may be challenging. Maintains continual efforts to seek, develop, and refine new and creative methods to ensure individual student learning.	Models professionalism and supports colleagues in meeting and exceeding professional responsibilities effectively. Supports colleagues to maintain the motivation, resiliency, and energy to ensure that all students achieve.
6.7	Demonstrating professional responsibility, integrity, and ethical conduct	agreements, and ethical res * As follows: • Takes responsibility for si • Is aware of own personal biases affect the teaching a • Adheres to legal and ethic learners, students with spec • Reports suspected cases of and Neglect Reporting Act. • Maintains a non-hostile cl reporting cases of sexual ha • Understands and implement to inappropriate or violent: • Complies with legal and p students, families, and othe • Models appropriate behav • Acts in accordance with et	rudent academic learning outcom values and biases and recognizes and learning of students. all obligations in teaching the full tial needs, African American students of child abuse, and/or neglect as of assroom environment and carries arassment. The ents school and district policies a student behavior.	es. range of learners, including English lents and Foster Youth. utlined in the California Child Abuse out laws and district guidelines for and state and federal law in responding the privacy, health, and safety of the profession.	Maintains a high standard of personal inte learning and the profession in all circumst professional community and holding peers treatment and communication. Contribute high degree of resilience, professional interpretation and consensus services, and outcomes. Encourages stude	ances. Contributes to building a seaccountable to norms of respectful es to fostering a school culture with a egrity, and ethical conduct.

6.1 Reflecting on teaching practice in support of student learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- assess my growth as a teacher over time?
- · learn about teaching as I observe and interact with my students?
- reflect on my instructional successes and dilemmas to move my practice forward?
- · analyze my teaching to understand what contributes to student learning?
- formulate professional development plans that are based on my reflection and analysis?
- develop awareness of potential bias that might influence my teaching or affect student learning?
- engage in the design and implementation of research and inquiry?

6.2 Establishing professional goals and engaging in continuous and purposeful professional growth and development

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- · maintain an attitude of lifelong learning?
- establish goals and seek out opportunities for professional growth and development?
- ensure that professional goals are informed by appropriate resources such as the knowledge base for teaching, school and district priorities,
 - colleagues, supervisors, mentors, and my personal reflections?
- use professional literature, district professional development, and other professional opportunities to increase my understanding of teaching and learning?
- learn more about my own professional roles and responsibilities?
- continue to seek out and refine approaches that make the curriculum accessible to all students?
- expand my knowledge and effective application of new instructional methods and technologies?
- evaluate and incorporate research to utilize evidence-based practices?

6.3 Collaborating with colleagues and the broader professional community to support teacher and student learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- collaborate with teachers, administrators, education specialists, paraeducators, and staff to ensure that all students' diverse learning needs, interests, and strengths are met?
- remain receptive to the feedback of colleagues, mentors, and supervisors in support of my teaching practice and student learning?
- · support school and district goals and priorities?
- contribute to school-wide events, activities, and decision-making?
- establish and maintain productive relationships with other school staff to become a visible and valued member of the school and district communities?
- contribute to the learning of other educators?
- · benefit from and contribute to professional organizations to improve my teaching?
- benefit from and add to the knowledge base of the profession?
- provide guidance and direction to paraeducators, tutors and volunteers?
- provide a continuum of support from consultation, collaboration, co-teaching to mentoring with multi or interdisciplinary team members?
- ensure joint responsibility for student growth in academic, behavioral and social/emotional learning?

6.4 Working with families to support student learning

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- value and respect students' families and appreciate their role in student learning?
- · develop an understanding of families' racial, cultural, linguistic, and socioeconomic backgrounds?
- engage families as sources of knowledge about students' strengths, interests, and needs in support of their learning and personal growth and development?
- present the educational program to all families in a thorough and comprehensible fashion?
 - · provide opportunities for all families to participate in the classroom and school community?
 - establish ongoing effective feedback systems between students, families and school?

Standard 6 Developing as a Professional Educator

Teachers reflect on their teaching practice
to support student learning. They establish
professional goals and engage in continuous and
purposeful professional growth and development.
They collaborate with colleagues and engage in the
broader professional community to support teacher and
student learning. Teachers learn about and work with
families to support student learning. They engage
local communities in support of the instructional
program. They manage professional responsibilities
to maintain motivation and commitment
to all students. Teachers demonstrate
professional responsibility, integrity,

and ethical conduct.

6.5 Engaging local communities in support of the instructional program

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- increase my understanding of the cultures and dynamics of my students' communities?
 - value and respect the students' communities and appreciate the role of community in student learning?
 - · promote collaboration between school and community?
 - identify and draw upon school, district, and local community social service resources to benefit students and their families?
 - seek out and use additional resources from the local community and businesses to support student learning?
 - provide my students with community-based experiences that support their learning?
 - 6.6 Managing professional responsibilities to maintain motivation and commitment to all students As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."
 - · challenge myself intellectually and creatively throughout my career?
 - find support and develop strategies to balance professional responsibilities with my personal needs?
- · manage stress and maintain a positive attitude with students and colleagues?
- · address the complications and challenges of teaching?
- · identify sources of engagement and renewal in my professional work?

6.7 Demonstrating professional responsibility, integrity, and ethical conduct

As teachers develop, they may ask, "How do I..." or "Why do I..."

- remain informed of, understand, and uphold the professional codes, ethical responsibilities, and legal requirements applicable to the profession?
- contribute to school and student success by being knowledgeable of learning goals, standards, and objectives
 established by relevant national, state, and local organizations and stakeholders?
- · meet my professional obligations to implement school, district, state, and federal policies and guidelines?
- extend my knowledge about my professional and legal responsibilities for students' learning, behavior, and safety?
- maintain professional conduct and integrity in the classroom and school community?
- interact appropriately with students and families outside the classroom?
- demonstrate my professional obligations to students, colleagues, school, and the profession?
- resolve conflict and build consensus through advocacy for improved programs, services, and outcomes for students?